A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO VEGETATION MANAGEMENT NEAR UTILITY LINES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that on August 8, 2023,
- 2 catastrophic wildfires swept through various communities on
- 3 Maui. The wildfires impacted human life, the community,
- 4 housing, education, the economy, the environment, and the health
- 5 of Maui residents. The legislature further finds that a
- 6 significant issue regarding fire safety is the presence of
- 7 grasses, trees, and other vegetation adjacent to or under
- 8 electric utility lines. Utility companies in Hawaii have miles
- 9 of utility lines installed throughout the State on private
- 10 lands, either within or outside established utility easements on
- 11 public lands, which are often located in the public right of way
- 12 and mountainous areas of the State. Recognizing this issue, the
- 13 legislature proposes to establish a vegetation management
- 14 program for utility lines within public rights of way and on all
- 15 public and private lands.

1	The purpose of this Act is to reduce wildfire risk by
2	establishing a vegetation management program as it relates to
3	public utility lines that:
4	(1) Defines property owner obligations, which, in limited
5	circumstances will authorize Hawaii's utility
6	companies to either trim or remove hazardous
7	vegetation away from transmission utility lines,
8	distribution utility lines, and service drops, even if
9	the hazardous vegetation is located outside an
10	established easement; and
11	(2) Provides a recovery mechanism to recoup the additional
12	vegetation management costs.
13	SECTION 2. Chapter 269, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
15	and to read as follows:
16	"§269- Vegetation management; department of land and
17	natural resources; wildfire hazard map. (a) The department of
18	land and natural resources shall create and update annually a
19	single wildfire hazard map identifying high-risk, medium-risk,
20	and low-risk wildfire areas in each county.
21	(b) Unless otherwise stated in contractual documents:

1	(1)	A utility company shall not be obligated to trim or
2		remove trees and other vegetation located within the
3		utility company's easements or within a public right
4		of way;
5	(2)	A utility company shall not be obligated to trim or
6		remove trees and other vegetation located outside of
7		the utility company's easements or outside of a public
8		right of way;
9	(3)	Any private and public property owner shall be
10		responsible for the maintenance of their property and
11		shall manage the growth of trees, grasses, and other
12		vegetation located thereon, either within or outside
13		of a utility company's easements, to mitigate the risk
14		of wildfire ignition on or adjacent to the private or
15		public property owner's property;
16	(4)	A utility company shall not be considered a private or
17		public property owner solely because it possesses
18		easement rights that cross other private or public
19		properties; and
20	(5)	Public entities that own and maintain public rights of
21		way shall be responsible for the maintenance of public

1	rights of way and shall manage the growth of trees,
2	grasses, and other vegetation located thereon to
3	mitigate the risk of wildfire ignition on or adjacent
4	to public rights of way.
5	(c) From months to , each year, any
6	private or public property owner whose property is located in
7	high- and medium-risk fire areas identified pursuant to
8	subsection (a) shall trim grasses located on their property to
9	create a combustible-free space within twenty-five feet from the
10	edge of any public right of way that is adjacent to or runs
11	through the property and shall trim grasses located on their
12	property to create a combustible-free space within ten feet from
13	any utility line that crosses their property.
14	(d) During the months identified in subsection (c), the
15	department may notify a private or public property owner that
16	their property is in violation of subsection (c), provide the
17	private or public property owner with a description of the
18	condition that violates subsection (c), and provide the private
19	or public property owner with notice that the violation shall be
20	abated within thirty days of when the notice was mailed to the
21	property owner. If the private or public property owner has not

1 abated the violation of subsection (c) within thirty days of the 2 notice being mailed, the department shall issue a fine of \$1,000 3 against the private or public property owner. Each day after 4 the thirty-day period provided by the department's notice that a 5 violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. The 6 notice provided under this subsection shall be sent by certified 7 mail to the last known address of the private or public property 8 owner identified on public land records associated with the 9 subject property. 10 (e) During the months identified in subsection (c), a 11 utility company may trim or remove hazardous vegetation on 12 properties in high- and medium- risk fire areas identified 13 pursuant to subsection (a); provided that in the utility 14 company's reasonable commercial judgment, the hazardous 15 vegetation poses a risk of falling into or interfering with the 16 utility company's utility lines located on private property 17 within or outside of the utility company's easement; provided further that the utility company may trim or remove hazardous 18 19 vegetation located on public land within or outside of the 20 public right of way. A utility company shall have a right of 21 entry to enter private property or public property, pursuant to

- 1 this section. A utility company that elects to trim or remove
- 2 <u>hazardous vegetation under this subsection located outside of</u>
- 3 its easement, where no easement exists, or within or outside of
- 4 a public right of way, shall notify the private or public
- 5 property owner of the utility company's intent to trim or remove
- 6 the hazardous vegetation; provided that the utility company
- 7 provides the private or public property owner with a general
- 8 location and description of the hazardous vegetation proposed to
- 9 be trimmed or removed. If the private or public property owner:
- 10 (1) Fails to respond to the utility company's notice of
- its intent to trim or remove hazardous vegetation
- located on their property; or
- 13 (2) Does not abate the hazardous vegetation within thirty
- days of the mailing notice,
- 15 the utility company shall be entitled to enter the property in
- 16 question and trim or remove the hazardous vegetation at the
- 17 private or public property owner's expense. The notice provided
- 18 under this subsection shall be sent by certified mail to the
- 19 last known address of the private or public property owner
- 20 identified on public land records associated with the property
- 21 in question.

1	(f) If a utility company reasonably determines that
2	hazardous vegetation poses an imminent risk of wildfire ignition
3	and reasonably believes that the hazardous vegetation must be
4	trimmed or removed as soon as feasibly possible, the utility
5	company may enter private or public property after giving forty-
6	eight hours' notice and may trim or remove the hazardous
7	vegetation. After trimming or removing the hazardous vegetation
8	under this subsection, the utility company shall notify the
9	private or public property owner of the action taken under this
10	subsection within two days of having taken action. The notices
11	provided under this subsection shall be sent by phone call,
12	email, or if both are unobtainable, certified mail to the last
13	known address of the private or public property owner identified
14	on public land records associated with the property in question.
15	On a schedule determined by the public utilities commission, the
16	utility company shall regularly report on all notices issued
17	under this subsection to the commission.
18	(g) For purposes of this section:
19	"Department" means the department of land and natural
20	resources.

- 1 "Hazardous vegetation" means any tree or shrub or other
- 2 vegetation located within or outside of an existing easement or
- 3 located within or near a public right of way that poses an
- 4 imminent threat of interfering with or damaging electric utility
- 5 lines located within or outside an existing easement or within
- 6 the public right of way.
- 7 "Utility company" means any company operating in the State
- 8 to provide electricity service and is regulated by the public
- 9 utilities commission."
- 10 SECTION 3. In accordance with section 9 of article VII of
- 11 the Hawaii State Constitution and sections 37-91 and 37-93,
- 12 Hawaii Revised Statutes, the legislature has determined that the
- 13 appropriations contained in Act 164, Regular Session of 2023,
- 14 and this Act will cause the state general fund expenditure
- 15 ceiling for fiscal year 2024-2025 to be exceeded by
- 16 \$ or per cent. This current declaration takes
- 17 into account general fund appropriations authorized for fiscal
- 18 year 2024-2025 in Act 164, Regular Session of 2023, and this Act
- 19 only. The reasons for exceeding the general fund expenditure
- 20 ceiling are that:

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1	(1) The appropriation made in this Act is necessary to
2	serve the public interest; and
3	(2) The appropriation made in this Act meets the needs
4	addressed by this Act.
5	SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general
6	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
7	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2024-2025 for
8	the purposes of this Act.
9	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of

land and natural resources for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 5. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

DLNR; Electric Utility Companies; Wildfire Mitigation; Fines; Hazardous Vegetation; Expenditure Ceiling; Appropriation

Description:

Requires the Department of Land and Natural Resources to create and annually update a wildfire hazard map. Requires private and public property owners to trim grasses within certain proximities of public rights of way and utility lines. Authorizes electric utility companies to enter private or public property to trim or remove hazardous vegetation. Declares that the general fund expenditure ceiling is exceeded. Makes an appropriation. Takes effect 7/1/2050. (SD1)

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