A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 The legislature finds that the emergence of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) and its variants created a 2 3 great challenge to global health, the economy, and our way of 4 life. The governor and county mayors have exercised their 5 emergency powers under chapter 127A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to 6 impose rules aimed at combatting COVID-19. The legislature 7 further finds that the enforcement of these rules has been 8 critical to efforts to limit the spread of COVID-19, protect the 9 health and safety of the community, manage medical resources, 10 and promote economic recovery. The COVID-19 pandemic has 11 highlighted the importance of clear legal frameworks for state 12 and county emergency management to ensure the State and counties 13 are prepared for any type of emergency. The legislature 14 believes that existing law relating to emergency management 15 should clearly specify and articulate the bases for emergency 16 actions.

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1	The p	ourpose of this Act is to reform the legal framework
2	governing	emergency management in the State by:
3	(1)	Clarifying that the powers granted for emergency
4		purposes shall not be inconsistent with the state
5		constitution;
6	(2)	Providing parameters for the duration of the
7		suspension of laws and require justification for the
8		suspension;
9	(3)	Authorizing the governor to require counties to obtain
10		the governor's approval or the approval of the
11		director of the Hawaii emergency management agency
12		prior to issuing any emergency order, rule, or
13		proclamation;
14	(4)	Clarifying that a state of emergency may be extended
15		or terminated by a separate or supplementary
16		proclamation;
17	(5)	Authorizing the legislature to terminate a state of
18		emergency, in part or in whole, by a two-thirds vote
19		of each legislative house; and
20	(6)	Specifying that prohibitions on price increases of
21		essential commodities during a severe weather warning

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1	expire seventy-two hours after the effective date and
2	time of the initial declaration or any supplemental
3	proclamation.
4	SECTION 2. Section 127A-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
6	"(c) It is the intent of the legislature to provide for
7	and confer comprehensive powers for the purposes stated herein.
8	This chapter shall be liberally construed to effectuate its
9	purposes; provided that this chapter shall not be construed as
10	conferring any power or permitting any action [which] that is
11	inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United
12	States, or the Constitution of the State of Hawaii, but, in so
13	construing this chapter, due consideration shall be given to the
14	circumstances as they exist from time to time. This chapter
15	shall not be deemed to have been amended by any act hereafter
16	enacted at the same or any other session of the legislature,
17	unless this chapter is amended by express reference."
18	SECTION 3. Section 127A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
20	and to read as follows:

1	" <u>"Severe weather warning" means the issuance by the</u>
2	National Weather Service of a public notification that a
3	dangerous weather condition exists that could impact the State,
4	or any portion of it, within a specified period of time.
5	"Severe weather warning" includes but is not limited to warnings
6	of coastal inundation (high surf), flash flooding, tsunami, or
7	hurricane."
8	SECTION 4. Section 127A-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended to read as follows:
10	"§127A-13 Additional powers in an emergency period. (a)
11	In the event of a state of emergency declared by the governor
12	pursuant to section 127A-14, the governor may exercise the
13	following additional powers pertaining to emergency management
14	during the emergency period:
15	(1) Provide for and require the quarantine or segregation
16	of persons who are affected with or believed to have
17	been exposed to any infectious, communicable, or other
18	disease that is, in the governor's opinion, dangerous
19	to the public health and safety, or persons who are
20	the source of other contamination, in any case where,
21	in the governor's opinion, the existing laws are not

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1	adequate to assure the public health and safety;
2	provide for the care and treatment of the persons;
3	supplement the provisions of sections 325-32 to 325-38
4	concerning compulsory immunization programs; provide
5	for the isolation or closing of property [which] that
6	is a source of contamination or is in a dangerous
7	condition in any case where, in the governor's
8	opinion, the existing laws are not adequate to assure
9	the public health and safety, and designate as public
10	nuisances acts, practices, conduct, or conditions that
11	are dangerous to the public health or safety or to
12	property; authorize that public nuisances be summarily
13	abated and, if need be, that the property be
14	destroyed, by any police officer or authorized person,
15	or provide for the cleansing or repair of property,
16	and if the cleansing or repair is to be at the expense
17	of the owner, the procedure therefor shall follow as
18	nearly as may be the provisions of section 322-2,
19	which shall be applicable; and further, authorize
20 .	without the permission of the owners or occupants,
21	entry on private premises for any such purposes;

1	(2)	Refleve natuships and inequities, of obstructions to
2		the public health, safety, or welfare, found by the
3		governor to exist in the laws and to result from the
4		operation of federal programs or measures taken under
5		this chapter, by suspending the laws, in whole or in
6		part, or by alleviating the provisions of laws on
7		[such] terms and conditions as the governor may
8		impose, including licensing laws, quarantine laws, and
9		laws relating to labels, grades, and standards;
10	(3)	Suspend any law that impedes or tends to impede or be
11		detrimental to the expeditious and efficient execution
12		of, or to conflict with, emergency functions,
13		including laws [which] that by this chapter
14		specifically are made applicable to emergency
15		personnel; provided that any suspension of law shall
16		be no broader and last no longer than the governor
17		deems necessary for the execution of emergency
18		management functions, and any suspension of law shall
19		identify the section of law suspended, and for each
20		section, shall specify the emergency management
21		functions facilitated and justify the suspension based

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2		provided further that any suspension of any law that
3		requires permits, authorizations, or approvals from
4		any state or county agency may continue beyond the
5		emergency period to allow for the completion of any
6		repairs, reconstruction, rebuilding, or construction
7		of any state or county infrastructure, facilities, or
8		properties that would otherwise be delayed by any such
9		permit, authorization, or approval;
10	(4)	Suspend the provisions of any regulatory law
11		prescribing the procedures for out-of-state utilities
12		to conduct business in the State including any
13		licensing laws applicable to out-of-state utilities or
14		their respective employees, as well as any order,
15		rule, or regulation of any state agency, if strict
16		compliance with the provisions of any such law, order,
17		rule, or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder,

or delay necessary action of a state utility in coping

with the emergency or disaster with assistance that

may be provided under a mutual assistance agreement;

on protecting the public health, safety, and welfare;

1	(5)	In the event of disaster or emergency beyond local
2		control, or an event which, in the opinion of the
3		governor, is such as to make state operational control
4		or coordination necessary, or upon request of the
5		[local entity, assume] county:
6		(A) Assume direct operational control over all or any
7		part of the emergency management functions within
8		the affected area; and
9		(B) Notwithstanding sections 127A-14 and 127A-25,
10		require the county to obtain the approval of the
11		governor or director prior to issuing any
12		emergency order, rule, or proclamation under this
13		<pre>chapter;</pre>
14	(6)	Shut off water mains, gas mains, electric power
15		connections, or suspend other services, and, to the
16		extent permitted by or under federal law, suspend
17		electronic media transmission;
18	(7)	Direct and control the mandatory evacuation of the
19		civilian population;
20	(8)	Exercise additional emergency functions to the extent
21		necessary to prevent hoarding, waste, or destruction

1		of materials, supplies, commodities, accommodations,
2		facilities, and services, to effectuate equitable
3		distribution thereof, or to establish priorities
4		therein as the public welfare may require; to
5		investigate; and notwithstanding any other law to the
6		contrary, to regulate or prohibit, by means of
7		licensing, rationing, or otherwise, the storage,
8		transportation, use, possession, maintenance,
9		furnishing, sale, or distribution thereof, and any
10		business or any transaction related thereto;
11	(9)	Suspend section 8-1, relating to state holidays,
12		except the last paragraph relating to holidays
13		declared by the president, which shall remain
14		unaffected, and in the event of the suspension, the
15		governor may establish state holidays by proclamation;
16	(10)	Adjust the hours for voting to take into consideration
17		the working hours of the voters during the emergency
18		period, and suspend those provisions of section 11-131
19		that fix the hours for voting, and fix other hours by
20		stating the same in the election proclamation or
21		notice, as the case may be;

1	(11)	Assure the continuity of service by critical
2		infrastructure facilities, both publicly and privately
3		owned, by regulating or, if necessary to the
4		continuation of the service thereof, by taking over
5		and operating the same; and
6	(12)	Except as provided in section 134-7.2, whenever in the
7		governor's opinion, the laws of the State do not
8		adequately provide for the common defense, public
9		health, safety, and welfare, investigate, regulate, or
10		prohibit the storage, transportation, use, possession,
11		maintenance, furnishing, sale, or distribution of, as
12		well as any transaction related to, explosives,
13		firearms, and ammunition, inflammable materials and
14		other objects, implements, substances, businesses, or
15		services of a hazardous or dangerous character, or
16		particularly capable of misuse, or obstructive of or
17		tending to obstruct law enforcement, emergency
18		management, or military operations, including
19		intoxicating liquor and the liquor business; and
20		authorize the seizure and forfeiture of any such

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1	objects, implements, or substances unlawfully
2	possessed, as provided in this chapter.
3	(b) In the event of a local state of emergency declared by
4	the mayor pursuant to [f]section[+] 127A-14, the mayor may
5	exercise the following additional powers pertaining to emergency
6	management during the emergency period:
7	(1) Relieve hardships and inequities, or obstructions to
8	the public health, safety, or welfare, found by the
9	mayor to exist in the laws of the county and to result
10	from the operation of federal programs or measures
11	taken under this chapter, by suspending the county
12	laws, in whole or in part, or by alleviating the
13	provisions of county laws on [such] terms and
14	conditions as the mayor may impose, including county
15	licensing laws[$_{ au}$] and county laws relating to labels,
16	grades, and standards;

(2) Suspend any county law that impedes or tends to impede or be detrimental to the expeditious and efficient execution of, or to conflict with, emergency functions, including laws [which] that by this chapter specifically are made applicable to emergency

1		personnel; provided that any suspension of law shall
2		be no broader and last no longer than the mayor deems
3		necessary for the execution of emergency management
4		functions, and any suspension of law shall identify
5		the section of law suspended, and for each section,
6		shall specify the emergency management functions
7		facilitated and justify the suspension based on
8		protecting the public health, safety, and welfare;
9		provided further that any suspension of any law that
10		requires permits, authorizations, or approvals from
11		any county agency may continue beyond the emergency
12		period to allow for the completion of any repairs,
13		reconstruction, rebuilding, or construction of any
14		county infrastructure, facilities, or properties that
15		would otherwise be delayed by any such permit,
16		authorization, or approval;
17	(3)	Shut off water mains, gas mains, electric power
18		connections, or suspend other services; and, to the
19		extent permitted by or under federal law, suspend
20		electronic media transmission;

1	(4)	Direct and control the mandatory evacuation of the
2		civilian population; and
3	(5)	Exercise additional emergency functions, to the extent
4		necessary to prevent hoarding, waste, or destruction
5		of materials, supplies, commodities, accommodations,
6		facilities, and services, to effectuate equitable
7		distribution thereof, or to establish priorities
8		therein as the public welfare may require; to
9		investigate; and any other county law to the contrary
10		notwithstanding, to regulate or prohibit, by means of
11		licensing, rationing, or otherwise, the storage,
12		transportation, use, possession, maintenance,
13		furnishing, sale, or distribution thereof, and any
14		business or any transaction related thereto."
15	SECT	ION 5. Section 127A-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended t	o read as follows:
17	"§12	7A-14 State of emergency. (a) The governor may
18	declare t	he existence of a state of emergency in the State by
19	proclamat	ion if the governor finds that an emergency or disaster
20	has occur	red or that there is imminent danger or threat of an
21	emergency	or disaster in any portion of the State.

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1 (b) A mayor may declare the existence of a local state of
2 emergency in the county by proclamation if the mayor finds that
3 an emergency or disaster has occurred or that there is imminent
4 danger or threat of an emergency or disaster in any portion of
5 the county.

[The] Except as provided in subsection (e), the

- governor or mayor shall be the sole judge of the existence of
 the danger, threat, or circumstances giving rise to a
 declaration, extension, or termination of a state of emergency
 in the State or a local state of emergency in the county, as
 applicable. This section shall not limit the power and
 authority of the governor under section 127A-13(a)(5).
- (d) A state of emergency and a local state of emergency
 shall terminate automatically sixty days after the issuance of a
 proclamation of a state of emergency or local state of
 emergency, respectively, [or] unless extended or terminated by a
 separate or supplementary proclamation of the governor or
 mayor[, whichever occurs first].
- (e) The legislature may, by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members to which each house is entitled,

- 1 terminate a state of emergency, in part or in whole, declared by
- 2 the governor pursuant to this section."
- 3 SECTION 6. Section 127A-30, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 5 "(c) The prohibitions under subsection (a) shall remain in
- 6 effect until twenty-four hours after the severe weather warning
- 7 is canceled by the National Weather Service; or in the event of
- 8 a declaration, [the later of a date specified by the governor or
- 9 mayor in the declaration or ninety-six] seventy-two hours after
- 10 the effective date and time of the declaration, unless [such]
- 11 the prohibition is identified and continued [by a supplementary
- 12 declaration issued] by the governor or mayor[-] in the
- 13 proclamation or any supplementary proclamation. Any
- 14 proclamation issued under this chapter that fails to state the
- 15 time at which it will take effect, shall take effect at twelve
- 16 noon of the day on which it takes effect."
- 17 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 18 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 19 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

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Report Title:

Emergency Powers; State of Emergency; Local State of Emergency; Termination; Extension; Legislative Override; Price Control

Description:

Clarifies that the powers granted for emergency purposes shall not be inconsistent with the state constitution. Provides parameters for the duration of suspension of laws and requires justification for the suspension. Authorizes the governor to require counties to obtain approval prior to issuing any emergency order, rule, or proclamation. Clarifies that a state of emergency may be extended or terminated by a separate or supplementary proclamation. Authorizes the legislature to terminate a state of emergency, in part or in whole, by an affirmative two-thirds vote. Specifies that prohibitions on price increases of essential commodities during a severe weather warning expire seventy-two hours after the effective date and time of the initial declaration or any supplemental proclamation. Effective 7/1/2050. (HD1)

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