RELATING TO THE HAWAII LABOR RELATIONS BOARD.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 89-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (i) to read as follows:

"(i) In addition to the powers and functions provided in other sections of this chapter, the board shall:

(1) Establish procedures for, investigate, and resolve any dispute concerning the designation of an appropriate bargaining unit and the application of section 89-5 to specific employees and positions;

(2) Establish procedures for, resolve disputes with respect to, and supervise the conduct of elections for the determination of employee representation;

(3) Resolve controversies under this chapter;

(4) Conduct proceedings on complaints of prohibited practices by employers, employees, and employee organizations and take such actions with respect thereto as it deems necessary and proper;
(5) Hold such hearings and make such inquiries, as it
deeems necessary, to carry out properly its functions
and powers, and for the purpose of such hearings and
inquiries, administer oaths and affirmations, examine
witnesses and documents, take testimony and receive
evidence, compel attendance of witnesses and the
production of documents by the issuance of subpoenas,
and delegate such powers to any member of the board or
any person appointed by the board for the performance
of its functions;

(6) Determine qualifications and establish, after
reviewing nominations submitted by the public
employers and employee organizations, lists of
qualified persons, broadly representative of the
public, to be available to serve as mediators, grievance arbitrators, or interest arbitrators\(\text{[+]}\), or
a combination thereof;

(7) Review and determine qualifications and criteria of
the list of five qualified arbitrators provided
pursuant to section 89-11(e)(2)(A);
(8) Establish a fair and reasonable range of daily or hourly rates at which mediators and arbitrators on the lists established under paragraph (6) are to be compensated;

(9) Conduct studies on problems pertaining to public employee-management relations, and make recommendations with respect thereto to the legislative bodies; request information and data from state and county departments and agencies and employee organizations necessary to carry out its functions and responsibilities; make available to all concerned parties, including mediators and arbitrators, statistical data relating to wages, benefits, and employment practices in public and private employment to assist them in resolving issues in negotiations;

(10) Adopt rules relative to the exercise of its powers and authority and to govern the proceedings before it in accordance with chapter 91; and

(11) Execute all of its responsibilities in a timely manner so as to facilitate and expedite the resolution of issues before it."
SECTION 2. Section 89-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

"(e) If an impasse exists between a public employer and the exclusive representative of bargaining unit (2), supervisory employees in blue collar positions; bargaining unit (3), nonsupervisory employees in white collar positions; bargaining unit (4), supervisory employees in white collar positions; bargaining unit (6), educational officers and other personnel of the department of education under the same salary schedule; bargaining unit (8), personnel of the University of Hawaii and the community college system, other than faculty; bargaining unit (9), registered professional nurses; bargaining unit (10), institutional, health, and correctional workers; bargaining unit (11), firefighters; bargaining unit (12), police officers; bargaining unit (13), professional and scientific employees; or bargaining unit (14), state law enforcement officers and state and county ocean safety and water safety officers, the board shall assist in the resolution of the impasse as follows:

(1) Mediation. During the first twenty days after the date of impasse, the board shall immediately appoint a mediator, representative of the public from a list of
qualified persons maintained by the board, to assist
the parties in a voluntary resolution of the impasse.

(2) Arbitration. If the impasse continues twenty days
after the date of impasse, the board shall immediately
notify the employer and the exclusive representative
that the impasse shall be submitted to a three-member
arbitration panel who shall follow the arbitration
procedure provided herein.

(A) Arbitration panel. Two members of the
arbitration panel shall be selected by the
parties; one shall be selected by the employer
and one shall be selected by the exclusive
representative. The neutral third member of the
arbitration panel, who shall chair the
arbitration panel, shall be selected by mutual
agreement of the parties. In the event that the
parties fail to select the neutral third member
of the arbitration panel within thirty days from
the date of impasse, the board shall request the
American Arbitration Association, or its
successor in function, to furnish a list of five
qualified and experienced interest arbitrators
from which the neutral arbitrator shall be
selected. Within five days after receipt of the
list, the parties shall alternately strike names
from the list until a single name is left, who
shall be immediately appointed by the board as
the neutral arbitrator and chairperson of the
arbitration panel.

(B) Final positions. Upon the selection and
appointment of the arbitration panel, each party
shall submit to the panel, in writing, with copy
to the other party, a final position that shall
include all provisions in any existing collective
bargaining agreement not being modified, all
provisions already agreed to in negotiations, and
all further provisions [which] that each party is
proposing for inclusion in the final agreement;
provided that such further provisions shall be
limited to those specific proposals that were
submitted in writing to the other party and were
the subject of collective bargaining between the
parties up to the time of the impasse, including those specific proposals that the parties have decided to include through a written mutual agreement. The arbitration panel shall decide whether final positions are compliant with this provision and which proposals may be considered for inclusion in the final agreement.

(C) Arbitration hearing. Within one hundred twenty days of its appointment, the arbitration panel shall commence a hearing at which time the parties may submit, either in writing or through oral testimony, all information or data supporting their respective final positions. The arbitrator, or the chairperson of the arbitration panel together with the other two members, are encouraged to assist the parties in a voluntary resolution of the impasse through mediation, to the extent practicable throughout the entire arbitration period until the date the panel is required to issue its arbitration decision.
(D) Arbitration decision. Within thirty days after the conclusion of the hearing, a majority of the arbitration panel shall reach a decision pursuant to subsection (f) on all provisions that each party proposed in its respective final position for inclusion in the final agreement and transmit a preliminary draft of its decision to the parties. The parties shall review the preliminary draft for completeness, technical correctness, and clarity and may mutually submit to the panel any desired changes or adjustments that shall be incorporated in the final draft of its decision. Within fifteen days after the transmittal of the preliminary draft, a majority of the arbitration panel shall issue the arbitration decision."

SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

INTRODUCED BY: JAN 2 4 2019
Report Title:
Hawaii Labor Relations Board; Arbitrators; Arbitration; Collective Bargaining; Impasse

Description:
Requires the Hawaii Labor Relations Board to determine qualifications for grievance arbitrators and interest arbitrators. Requires the Hawaii Labor Relations Board to review and determine the qualifications and criteria for potential arbitrators selected under certain circumstances to resolve collective bargaining impasses.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.