



GOV. MSG. NO. 1203

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE
GOVERNOR

June 21, 2016

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,
President
and Members of the Senate
Twenty-Eighth State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Joseph M. Souki,
Speaker and Members of the
House of Representatives
Twenty-Eighth State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 431
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Souki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 21, 2016, the following bill was signed into law:

HB2675 HD1 SD2 CD1

RELATING TO RAPID OHIA DEATH
ACT 102 (16)

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE
Governor, State of Hawai'i

JUN 21 2016

on
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE, 2016
STATE OF HAWAII

ACT 102
H.B. NO. 2675
H.D. 1
S.D. 2
C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RAPID OHIA DEATH.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the ohia is Hawaii's
2 most common and widespread native tree. Ohia trees can be found
3 at sea level and up to elevations of twenty-five hundred meters.
4 The trees provide critical habitats for rare and endangered
5 native birds and insects.

6 In recent years, the disease known as rapid ohia death,
7 caused by the non-native fungal pathogen *Ceratocystis fimbriata*,
8 has been killing ohia trees in the forests and residential areas
9 of Puna and Hilo on the island of Hawaii. When infected, the
10 crown of an ohia tree first turns yellow, and then brown within
11 a few days or weeks. The fungal pathogen progresses up the stem
12 of the tree and manifests as a dark staining in the sapwood
13 along the outer margin of the trunk. Landowners have noticed
14 that when healthy-looking trees begin exhibiting symptoms, the
15 trees die in a matter of weeks.

16 As of 2014, approximately fifteen thousand acres on the
17 island of Hawaii have shown greater than fifty per cent
18 mortality from rapid ohia death. Recent estimates have found



1 that the disease has affected thirty thousand acres on the
2 island of Hawaii.

3 The exact transmittal methods of *Ceratocystis fimbriata*
4 have not yet been determined. However, researchers believe that
5 the fungus can be transmitted by feral animals, insects, soil,
6 water, infected cuttings, unsanitized pruning tools, and muddy
7 vehicles. There is no treatment that can protect ohia trees
8 from rapid ohia death, and there is no cure for infected trees.

9 The legislature finds that rapid ohia death has the
10 potential to destroy ohia trees statewide. The loss of ohia
11 trees would be catastrophic to the diversity, structure, and
12 function of the State's remaining native forests.

13 Researchers of the United States Department of Agriculture,
14 the University of Hawaii, and other organizations have made
15 progress in combating rapid ohia death, including isolating the
16 fungal pathogen, researching alternative hosts for the pathogen,
17 eliminating other causes for the ohia tree deaths, and making
18 recommendations on preventing the spread of the disease.

19 However, the researchers require additional funding to continue
20 their work.




1 The purpose of this Act is to appropriate funds to combat
2 rapid ohia death. The funding will help to continue pathology
3 research by the Agricultural Research Service of the United
4 States Department of Agriculture and other organizations.

5 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
6 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$300,000 or so much
7 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2016-2017 for rapid
8 ohia death research, including the employment of pathology post-
9 doctoral fellows, technical support for pathology research,
10 materials and supplies for pathogen and molecular detection, and
11 a new growth chamber for pathology experiments.

12 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
13 agriculture for the purposes of this Act.

14 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.

APPROVED this 21 day of JUN, 2016



GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

