February 11, 2019

TO: The Honorable Representative Joy A San Buenaventura, Chair
House Committee on Human Services and Homelessness

The Honorable Representative John M Mizuno, Chair
House Committee on Health

FROM: Pankaj Bhanot, Director

SUBJECT: HB 1270 – RELATING TO HOSPITAL SUSTAINABILITY PROGRAM

Hearing: Wednesday, February 13, 2019 8:45 a.m.
Conference Room 329, State Capitol

DEPARTMENT’S POSITION: The Department of Human Services (DHS) strongly supports this bill which is substantively similar to our administrative bill HB 1002. We also concur with the proposed amendments from the Healthcare Association of Hawaii.

PURPOSE: The purpose of the bill is to extend the hospital sustainability fee program to 2021; update definitions of private hospital and clarifies exemptions from the hospital sustainability fee. It also appropriates $75,000,000 out of the hospital sustainability fund for each of the fiscal years 2019-20 and 2020-21.

The Hospital Sustainability Program and the Hospital Sustainability Program Special Fund (the Special Fund) were established by Act 217, Session Laws of Hawaii (SLH) 2012, as last amended by Act 59, SLH 2017. The Special Fund receives moneys from the hospital sustainability fee, which is used to receive federal Medicaid matching funds that is used to increase reimbursements to the private hospitals with a greater benefit to those providing proportionately more services to Medicaid recipients, and to make quality improvement
payments for performance to the hospitals. These additional moneys will continue to ensure sustainability of hospitals in Hawaii as a critical part of the safety net.

In fiscal year 2012-2013, the hospitals were assessed $40,103,774 in sustainability fees and received $77,468,401 in additional reimbursement; fiscal year 2013-2014, they were assessed $44,490,855 in sustainability fees and received additional reimbursements of $81,309,367; fiscal year 2014-2015 they were assessed $46,621,994 and received $84,687,653 in additional reimbursements; fiscal year 2017-2018, they were assessed $68,765,751 and received $71,870,533 in additional reimbursements.

Without this bill, the Hospital Sustainability Program will be repealed on June 29, 2019, with funding provisions to be repealed on December 31, 2019. The loss of the sustainability funds would have a dramatic negative impact on the hospitals.

This bill extends the Hospital Sustainability Program for two years past the repeal date of June 30, 2019, and extends the Special Fund for an additional six months thereafter.

Also, the bill extends exemptions from assessments for central services expenses and administrative expenses under sections 36-27(a) and 36-30(a), Hawaii Revised Statutes. These sections will be repealed on December 31, 2019. Therefore, unless the proposed amendments are adopted, the exemptions from the central service expenses and administrative expenses assessments would be lost, and the Special Fund would be subject to the central service expenses assessment for the period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2020, that is estimated to be $5,000,000, and the administrative expenses assessment for the same period in the amount of $1,000,000.

DHS has worked very closely with the Healthcare Association of Hawaii (HAH), the trade organization for hospitals, on the implementation and evolution of the program. We are in concurrence with this bill.

However, we also recognize that some additional amendments may be needed for further clarity on the program; and are supportive of the HAH proposed amendments to clarify the definition of private hospitals, to increase the maximum fee to four percent, adjust the exemptions for the outpatient portion of the fee, and to ensure that the appropriations have the appropriate effective dates.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this measure.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Submitted By</th>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Testifier Position</th>
<th>Present at Hearing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elena Cabatu</td>
<td>East Hawaii Region of Hawaii Health Systems Corporation</td>
<td>Support</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
To: The Honorable Joy A. San Buenaventura, Chair
The Honorable Nadine K. Nakamura, Vice Chair
Members, Committee on Human Services and Homelessness

The Honorable John M. Mizuno, Chair
The Honorable Bertrand Kobayashi, Vice Chair
Members, Committee on Health

From: Paula Yoshioka, Vice President, Government Relations and External Affairs, The Queen’s Health Systems

Date: February 8, 2019

Hrg: House Committee on Human Services and Homelessness and Committee on Health Joint Hearing; Wednesday, February 13, 2019 at 8:45 AM in Room 329

Re: Support for H.B. 1270, Relating to the Hospital Sustainability Program

The Queen’s Health Systems (Queen’s) is a not-for-profit corporation that provides expanded healthcare capabilities to the people of Hawai‘i and the Pacific Basin. Since the founding of the first Queen’s hospital in 1859 by Queen Emma and King Kamehameha IV, it has been our mission to provide quality health care services in perpetuity for Native Hawaiians and all of the people of Hawai‘i. Over the years, the organization has grown to four hospitals, 66 health care centers and labs, and more than 1,600 physicians statewide. As the preeminent health care system in Hawai‘i, Queen’s strives to provide superior patient care that is constantly advancing through education and research.

Queen’s appreciates the opportunity to provide testimony in support of H.B. 1270, which continues the Hospital Sustainability Program for two years. It also appropriates funds out of the Hospital Sustainability Program Special Fund for fiscal years 2019-2020 and 2020-2021. We concur with Healthcare Association of Hawaii’s testimony and their clarifying amendments. For several years, hospitals have faced declining federal payments for providing uncompensated care to high need populations. The Hospital Sustainability Program assists hospitals in mitigating the losses for providing critical health care services. The program does so by issuing a fee to hospital providers in the state of Hawaii, including QHS. The funds generated by this fee are used by the state to obtain matching federal Medicaid funds, which are reallocated back to private hospitals.

In FY2018, QHS contributed to the well-being of Hawaii by giving back to the community more than $200 million in unreimbursed health care services, education, and charitable contributions. Of that $200 million, over $60 million is our Medicaid Reimbursement Shortfall, the cost absorbed by Queen’s when government reimbursements do not fully cover the cost of care. The Hospital Sustainability Program helps Queen’s offset a portion of these costs. I ask that you support this legislation and the continuation of the Hospital Sustainability Program. Thank you for your time and attention to this important issue.

The mission of The Queen’s Health Systems is to fulfill the intent of Queen Emma and King Kamehameha IV to provide in perpetuity quality health care services to improve the well-being of Native Hawaiians and all of the people of Hawai‘i.

1301 Punchbowl Street • Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 • Phone 808-691-5900
February 7, 2019

The Honorable Joy A. San Buenaventura, Chair
The Honorable Nadine K. Nakamura, Vice Chair
House Committee on Human Services & Homelessness

The Honorable John M. Mizuno, Chair
The Honorable Bertrand Kobayashi, Vice Chair
House Committee on Health

Re: HB 1270 – Relating to the Hospital Sustainability Program

Dear Chair San Buenaventura, Chair Mizuno, Vice Chair Nakamura, Vice Chair Kobayashi, and Members of the Committees:

The Hawaii Medical Service Association (HMSA) appreciates the opportunity to testify on HB 1270, which extends the hospital sustainability program for two years. It also clarifies exemptions from the hospital sustainability fee and appropriates $75,000,000 out of the hospital sustainability special fund for fiscal years 2019-2020 and 2020-2021.

HMSA supports this program which allows participating facilities to recoup some of the losses they incur while providing care to some of Hawaii’s most vulnerable populations.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on this measure.

Sincerely,

Pono Chong
Vice President, Government Relations
February 13, 2019 at 8:45 am
Conference Room 329

House Committee on Human Services and Homelessness
House Committee on Health

To: Chair Joy A. San Buenaventura
    Vice Chair Nadine K. Nakamura

    Chair John M. Mizuno
    Vice Chair Bertrand Kobayashi

From: Hilton Raethel
    President and CEO
    Healthcare Association of Hawaii

Re: Testimony in Support
    HB 1270, Relating to the Hospital Sustainability Program

The Healthcare Association of Hawaii (HAH), established in 1939, serves as the leading voice of healthcare on behalf of 170 member organizations who represent almost every aspect of the healthcare continuum in Hawaii. Members include acute care hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, hospices, assisted living facilities and durable medical equipment suppliers. In addition to providing access to appropriate, affordable, high quality care to all of Hawaii’s residents, our members contribute significantly to Hawaii’s economy by employing over 20,000 people statewide.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify in strong support of this measure. The Hospital Sustainability Program helps participating facilities offset some of the losses they incur taking care of under- and uninsured patients in Hawaii. In its simplest telling, the program works by levying a fee on participating providers. The funds generated through that fee are used to draw down additional federal dollars and are distributed back to the providers, which results in a net gain for most participants. Most importantly, no state general funds are used for this program. In fact, the Department of Human Services receives a portion of the fee levied on hospitals.

This program has been in effect since 2012 when, recognizing that Medicaid payments were below the actual costs of care in hospitals, the legislature established this program. While the program was reauthorized annually for many years, the legislature passed a two-year authorization of the program in 2017. This was evidence of how successful the program has been, especially in bringing together private and public entities to help increase access to care for Medicaid recipients.
There are four amendments we would request to ensure the effectiveness of the program. These changes would:

1. Update the definition of “private hospital” to ensure that all Hawaii Health Systems Corporation (HHSC) hospitals are excluded from the definition of a private hospital, since the HHSC hospitals use a different system to make up for uncompensated care costs;
2. Increase the allowable tax rate to four percent;
3. Include children’s programs in the outpatient tax; and
4. Add the appropriations section into the effective date section.

The suggested amendments are included at the end of this testimony.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide supportive testimony for this successful program, which uses no state dollars, but is able to provide a real benefit to providers and patients alike.
The first requested amendment would ensure that we are fully accurate in the providers included in this program by amending Section 2 (page 4, line 4) to ensure that all facilities operated by or affiliated with HHSC are excluded from the program. The public HHSC hospitals are not included because they participate in a separate program to help them cover the costs of uncompensated care. By clarifying that affiliated hospitals are not included, we are ensuring that Kahuku—which is affiliated with but not operated by HHSC—will participate in the same program as the public hospitals, rather than participating under this program. The amendment would read as follows:

SECTION 2. Section 346G-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending the definition of "private hospital", adding a definition of "medicaid cost report", and deleting the definition of "Section 1115 waiver" to read:

"Medicaid cost report" means the annual cost report that a hospital submits to the state’s medicaid agency.

"Private hospital" means [those non-public hospitals named in attachment A of the medicaid section 1115 demonstration waiver that were in operation in calendar year [2015] 2016 and are currently operating or any hospitals not named in attachment A of the medicaid section 1115 demonstration waiver that became private hospitals in calendar year [2016] 2017 or 2018 and are currently operating.] all currently-operating hospitals, except for hospitals that are:

1. Operated by or affiliated with the Hawaii health systems corporation; or
2. Charitable hospitals funded primarily through donations or other non-insurance sources of funding, and whose net patient revenue is less than forty percent of operating expenses, per the medicaid cost report.

The second and third amendments would be made in Section 3 to raise the cap on the tax and to include children's hospitals in the outpatient tax. The amendments would be made to Section 3 (page 4, line 14 through page 5, line 9) and would read as follows:

SECTION 3. Section 346G-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows:

(c) The hospital sustainability fee for inpatient care services may differ from the fee for outpatient care services but the fees charged to the hospital shall not in the aggregate exceed [three and one-half] four per cent of the hospital's net patient service revenue. The inpatient hospital sustainability fee shall not exceed [three and one-half] four per cent of net
inpatient hospital service revenue. The outpatient hospital sustainability fee shall not exceed \[\text{three-and-one-half} \text{ four}\] per cent of net outpatient hospital service revenue. Each fee shall be the same percentage for all affected hospitals, subject to subsection (d).

(d) The department shall exempt children's hospitals, federal hospitals, public hospitals, and psychiatric hospitals from the hospital sustainability fees on inpatient services. In addition, the department shall exempt from the hospital sustainability fee on outpatient care services children's hospitals, federal hospitals, and public hospitals; rehabilitation hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, and any hospitals with net outpatient revenues of less than $57,000,000 per year based upon the hospital's medicare cost report for the fiscal year ending three years prior to the state fiscal year for which the hospital's net patient service revenue is calculated; provided that the department may exclude any facility from the hospital sustainability fee if it is determined that its exclusion is required to meet federal standards of approval.

The fourth, and last, requested amendment would make a small change to Section 10 (page 9, lines 17-19) to make sure the effective date of July 1, 2019 includes Section 8, which authorizes appropriations. The amendment requested would be:

SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect on June 29, 2019, provided that sections 7 and 8 of this Act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide supportive testimony for this successful program, which uses no state dollars and is able to provide a real benefit to providers and patients alike.
Testimony of
Jonathan Ching
Government Relations Specialist

Before:
House Committee on Human Services & Homelessness
The Honorable Joy A. San Buenaventura, Chair
The Honorable Nadine K. Nakamura, Vice Chair

House Committee on Health
The Honorable John M. Mizuno, Chair
The Honorable Bertrand Kobayashi, Vice Chair

February 13, 2019
8:45 a.m.
Conference Room 329

Re: HB1270, Relating to the Hospital Sustainability Program

Chair San Buenaventura, Chair Mizuno, and committee members, thank you for this opportunity to provide testimony on HB1270, which extends the state’s Hospital Sustainability Program for two years.

Kaiser Permanente Hawai‘i STRONGLY SUPPORTS HB1270.

Kaiser Permanente Hawai‘i is Hawai‘i’s largest integrated health system that provides care and coverage for nearly 255,000 members. Each day, more than 4,500 dedicated employees and more than 600 Hawai‘i Permanente Medical Group physicians come to work at Kaiser Permanente Hawai‘i to care for our members at Moanalua Medical Center and our 27 medical clinics, providing high-quality care for our members and delivering on our commitment to improve the health of the 1.4 million people living in the communities we serve.

Extending the state’s Hospital Sustainability Program for two years will allow hospitals in the state to continue to provide critical health care services despite Medicaid uncompensated care losses.

Established in 2012 as Act 217, Session Laws of Hawai‘i, the Hospital Sustainability Program, created a fund to pool monies from private hospitals through the assessment of a provider tax, which in turn was used as a basis to obtain federal Medicaid matching funds. The aggregate state and federal funds would then be distributed to the private hospitals as supplemental payments to reduce any Medicaid uncompensated care losses.

Kaiser Permanente Hawai‘i supports HB1270 because it will continue to assist providing access to health care for Medicaid recipients in Hawai‘i.

Mahalo for the opportunity to testify on this important measure.
My name is Michael Robinson, Vice President, Government Relations & Community Affairs at Hawai‘i Pacific Health. Hawai‘i Pacific Health is a not-for-profit health care system comprised of its four medical centers – Kapi‘olani, Pali Momi, Straub and Wilcox and over 70 locations statewide with a mission of creating a healthier Hawai‘i.

I write in support of HB 1270 which provides funding to continue the Hospital Sustainability Program for the fiscal years 2019-2020 and 2020-2021.

Recognizing that Medicaid payments to hospitals remain below the actual costs of delivering care in an acute care setting, the Legislature created the Hospital Sustainability Program by enacting Act 217, SLH 2012, which improves Medicaid payments to hospitals. The program achieves this increase by assessing a fee on hospitals based on their patient revenue. The funds generated by those fees enable the State to obtain additional federal Medicaid funds, which are deposited in the hospital sustainability program special fund and distributed back to private hospitals. Payment back to facilities is based on the amount of a hospital’s uncompensated care, which includes the costs incurred by hospitals serving under- and uninsured patients. Importantly, no state funds are contributed to the hospital sustainability program.

Because of this program, Medicaid payments approach becoming closer to the actual costs of care, thereby reducing losses and improving the financial stability of our hospital system.
The continuation of the Hospital Sustainability Program through this measure will help to preserve and enhance access to health care for Medicaid recipients in Hawai‘i.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.
**HB-1270**  
Submitted on: 2/12/2019 7:15:20 AM  
Testimony for HSH on 2/13/2019 8:45:00 AM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Submitted By</th>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Testifier Position</th>
<th>Present at Hearing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Melodie Aduja</td>
<td>O<code>ahu County Committee on Legislative Priorities of the Democratic Party of Hawai</code>i</td>
<td>Support</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
Chamber of Commerce HAWAII
The Voice of Business

Testimony to the House Committees on Human Services and Homelessness & Housing
Wednesday, February 13, 2019 at 8:45 A.M.
Conference Room 329, State Capitol

RE: HOUSE BILL 1270, RELATING TO THE HOSPITAL SUSTAINABILITY PROGRAM

Chairs San Buenaventura & Brower, Vice Chairs Nakamura & Kobayashi, and members of the committees:

The Chamber is in support of HB 1270 which extends the hospital sustainability program for two years, clarifies the exemptions from the hospital sustainability fee and appropriates $75,000,000 out of the hospital sustainability special fund for fiscal years 2019-2020 and 2020-2021.

The Chamber is Hawaii’s leading statewide business advocacy organization, representing about 2,000+ businesses. Approximately 80% of our members are small businesses with less than 20 employees. As the “Voice of Business” in Hawaii, the organization works on behalf of members and the entire business community to improve the state’s economic climate and to foster positive action on issues of common concern.

This bill helps the state and Hawaii hospitals utilize this program to leverage much needed federal dollars. A sustainable hospital network and health care industry is vital to the health of our employees, businesses and overall quality of life.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.