
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICINES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that biologics are a
2 class of medicines available to treat disease. Unlike
3 traditional drugs, which are chemically manufactured, biologics
4 are manufactured in living cells. Common biologics in use today
5 include human growth hormone, injectable treatments for
6 arthritis and psoriasis, the Hepatitis B vaccine, and stem cell
7 therapy.

8 The term "biosimilars" refers to substitute versions of
9 brand-name biologics, similar to generic versions of brand-name
10 drugs. These substitutes are not exactly identical to brand-
11 name biologics but are designed to provide commensurate benefits
12 to patients at lower costs. At least nineteen biosimilars are
13 currently approved for use in the European Union.

14 The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, signed into
15 law by President Barack Obama in 2010, created an abbreviated
16 licensure pathway for biological products that are demonstrated
17 to be biosimilar to or interchangeable with a biologic product



1 licensed by the United States Food and Drug Administration
2 (FDA). In early 2015, the FDA approved its first biosimilar
3 drug, Zarxio for use in the United States. Zarxio is used to
4 help prevent infections in cancer patients receiving
5 chemotherapy and is a close copy of an existing medication
6 called Neupogen. Market research reports that there are at
7 least one hundred fifty biosimilars in development.

8 As of September 15, 2015, sixteen states and Puerto Rico
9 have passed legislation to regulate the substitution of
10 biosimilars for brand-name biologics by pharmacists, and at
11 least thirty-one states have considered similar legislation.
12 Other important issues relating to state regulation of
13 biosimilars include the powers and duties of prescribing
14 authorities, notice to patients, safety, and recordkeeping.

15 The purpose of this Act is to allow for the regulation of
16 biosimilar medicines to ensure patient safety and access to
17 medicines at lower prices.

18 SECTION 2. Section 328-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

20 "(a) A prescription drug shall be dispensed only if its
21 label bears the following:



- 1 (1) The name, business address, and telephone number of
2 the seller. The business address shall be the
3 physical location of the pharmacy or the dispensing
4 practitioner's office;
- 5 (2) Except as otherwise authorized for expedited partner
6 therapy in section 453-52, the name of the person for
7 whom the drug was prescribed or the name of the owner
8 of the animal for which the drug was prescribed;
- 9 (3) The serial number of the prescription;
- 10 (4) The date the prescription was prepared;
- 11 (5) The name of the practitioner if the seller is not the
12 practitioner;
- 13 (6) The name, strength, and quantity of the drug;
- 14 (7) The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:
- 15 (A) The expiration date on the manufacturer's
16 container; or
- 17 (B) One year from the date the drug is dispensed,
18 whichever is earlier;
- 19 (8) The number of refills available, if any;
- 20 (9) In the case of the dispensing of an equivalent generic
21 drug product, the statement "same as (brand name of



1 the drug product prescribed or the referenced listed
2 drug name)", or words of similar meaning; [~~and~~]

3 (10) In the case of the dispensing of an interchangeable
4 drug product, the statement "interchangeable with
5 (brand name of the drug product prescribed or the
6 referenced listed drug name)", or words of similar
7 meaning; and

8 [~~(10)~~] (11) Specific directions for the drug's use; provided
9 that if the specific directions for use are too
10 lengthy for inclusion on the label, the notation "take
11 according to written instructions" may be used if
12 separate written instructions for use are actually
13 issued with the drug by the practitioner or the
14 pharmacist, but in no event shall the notation "take
15 as directed", referring to oral instructions, be
16 considered acceptable.

17 If any prescription for a drug does not indicate the number of
18 times it may be refilled, if any, the pharmacist shall not
19 refill that prescription unless subsequently authorized to do so
20 by the practitioner. The act of dispensing a prescription drug
21 other than a professional sample or medical oxygen contrary to



1 this subsection shall be deemed to be an act that results in a
2 drug being misbranded while held for sale."

3 SECTION 3. Section 328-91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4 amended as follows:

5 1. By adding three new definitions to be appropriately
6 inserted and to read:

7 "Biological product" has the same meaning as defined in
8 Title 42 United States Code section 262.

9 "Drug product" means a drug as defined in section 328-1
10 other than a biological product as defined in this part.

11 "Interchangeable biological product" means a biological
12 product that the United States Food and Drug Administration:

13 (1) Has licensed and has determined meets the standards
14 for interchangeability pursuant to Title 42 United
15 States Code section 262(k)(4); or

16 (2) Has determined is therapeutically equivalent as set
17 forth in the latest edition of, or supplement to, the
18 United States Food and Drug Administration's "Approved
19 Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence
20 Evaluations".



1 2. By amending the definition of "compendia of
2 therapeutically equivalent generic drugs" to read:

3 "Compendia of therapeutically equivalent generic [drug]
4 drugs and interchangeable biological products" means:

5 (1) For a "drug product", the Orange Book and any United
6 States Food and Drug Administration documentation of
7 any United States Food and Drug Administration-
8 approved generic drug product with therapeutic
9 equivalency [evaluations], including [~~but not limited~~
10 ~~to~~]:

11 [~~(1)~~] (A) Letters of approval of Abbreviated New Drug
12 Applications with therapeutic equivalency
13 evaluations;

14 [~~(2)~~] (B) Published listings of approved New Drug
15 Applications or approved Abbreviated New Drug
16 Applications with therapeutic equivalency
17 evaluations; and

18 [~~(3)~~] (C) Listings of first time generics with
19 therapeutic equivalency evaluations, adopted by
20 the [~~director.~~] board;



- 1 (2) For a "biological product", approved under the Public
2 Health Service Act, the Purple Book, and any United
3 States Food and Drug Administration documentation of
4 any United States Food and Drug Administration-
5 approved interchangeability determination, including:
6 (A) Letters of approval of Biologic Licensing
7 Application with a determination that the
8 biological product meets the criteria for
9 interchangeability as set forth in Title 42
10 United States Code section 262(k) (4); and
11 (B) Published listings of approved Biologic Licensing
12 Applications with a determination that the
13 biological product meets the criteria for
14 interchangeability as set forth in Title 42
15 United States Code section 262(k) (4); and
16 (3) For a "biological product", approved under the Federal
17 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; the Orange Book; and any
18 United States Food and Drug Administration
19 documentation of any United States Food and Drug
20 Administration-approved Interchangeability
21 determination, including:



- 1 (A) Letters of approval of approved New Drug
- 2 Applications or approved Abbreviated New Drug
- 3 Applications with therapeutic equivalency
- 4 evaluations; and
- 5 (B) Published listings of approved New Drug
- 6 Applications or approved Abbreviated New Drug
- 7 Applications with therapeutic equivalency
- 8 evaluations."

9 3. By amending the definition of "savings" to read:

10 "\"Savings\" means the financial benefit derived from

11 utilizing the substituted equivalent generic drug product or

12 interchangeable biological product from the perspective of the

13 consumer or the ultimate payer, including third party payers."

14 SECTION 4. Section 328-92, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

15 amended to read as follows:

16 "§328-92 Drug product and interchangeable biological

17 product selection. (a) When filling a prescription order for a

18 drug prescribed by its brand name, a pharmacist or the

19 pharmacist's authorized agent shall:

- 1 (1) Offer to the consumer an equivalent generic drug
2 product or an interchangeable biological product from
3 the formulary adopted pursuant to section 328-96; and
4 (2) Upon the request of the consumer, inform the consumer
5 of the savings; and
6 (3) Inform the consumer of the consumer's right to refuse
7 substitution.

8 The pharmacist shall substitute an equivalent generic drug
9 product or an interchangeable biological product if the
10 practitioner does not prohibit substitution under subsection
11 (b), and the substitute equivalent generic drug product or
12 interchangeable biological product results in a savings. The
13 pharmacist shall not substitute if the consumer refuses.

14 (b) The pharmacist shall not substitute an equivalent
15 generic drug product or an interchangeable biological product if
16 the practitioner indicates "brand medically necessary" or words
17 of similar meaning on the prescription. The designation "brand
18 medically necessary" or other similar words or phrases must be
19 handwritten by the practitioner and shall not be preprinted or
20 stamped on the written prescription. The pharmacist shall not
21 substitute an equivalent generic drug product or an



1 interchangeable biological product if a prescription is orally
2 or electronically ordered and the practitioner or authorized
3 employee of the practitioner indicates "brand medically
4 necessary" or other similar words or phrases.

5 The pharmacist shall note the practitioner's instructions
6 on the prescription record required to be maintained under
7 section 328-17.7.

8 This subsection shall not apply when it does not comply
9 with any federal requirement for services reimbursable by
10 medicaid or medicare.

11 (c) The pharmacist shall not substitute an equivalent
12 generic drug product or an interchangeable biological product
13 for any prescription for an anti-epileptic drug, except upon the
14 consent of the practitioner and the patient or the patient's
15 parent or guardian. This narrow exception for epileptic
16 patients shall not be construed as a policy decision to make
17 exceptions for any other conditions.

18 (d) Within five business days following the dispensing of
19 a biological product, the dispensing pharmacist or the
20 pharmacist's designee shall communicate the specific product
21 provided to the patient, including the name of the product and



1 the manufacturer. The communication shall be conveyed by making
2 an entry that is electronically accessible to the prescriber
3 through:

4 (1) An interoperable electronic medical records system;

5 (2) An electronic prescribing technology;

6 (3) A pharmacy benefit management system; or

7 (4) A pharmacy record.

8 (e) Entry into an electronic records system as described
9 in subsection (d) is presumed to provide notice to the

10 prescriber. Otherwise, the pharmacist shall communicate the
11 biological product dispensed to the prescriber using facsimile,
12 telephone, electronic transmission, or other prevailing means,
13 provided that communication shall not be required where:

14 (1) There is no approved interchangeable biological
15 product approved by the United States Food and Drug
16 Administration for the product prescribed; or

17 (2) A refill prescription is not changed from the product
18 dispensed on the prior filling of the prescription.

19 [~~(d)~~] (f) The county prosecutors and the attorney general
20 may bring action upon complaint by an aggrieved person or upon



1 their own motion in the name of the State against any person to
2 enjoin any violation of this part."

3 SECTION 5. Section 328-94, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4 amended to read as follows:

5 "§328-94 Prescription record. Each pharmacist or
6 practitioner shall maintain a record of any substitution of an
7 equivalent generic drug product or an interchangeable biological
8 product for a prescribed brand name drug product as provided in
9 this part."

10 SECTION 6. Section 328-96, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11 amended to read as follows:

12 "§328-96 Drug formulary; Hawaii additions and deletions
13 list. (a) The board may adopt rules, pursuant to chapter 91,
14 to effectuate the purpose of this part. Without regard to
15 chapter 91, the director may adopt as rules the compendia of
16 therapeutically equivalent generic drug products and
17 interchangeable biological products as the state drug formulary
18 of equivalent multiple source drug products[-] and
19 interchangeable biological products. The board may adopt rules
20 pursuant to chapter 91 to establish a Hawaii additions and
21 deletions list[-]; provided that section 328-92(c) shall apply,



1 and no pharmacist shall substitute an equivalent generic drug
2 product or an interchangeable biological product for any
3 prescription for an anti-epileptic drug to treat epilepsy,
4 except upon the consent of the practitioner and the patient or
5 the patient's parent or guardian. Upon the adoption of the
6 compendia of therapeutically equivalent generic ~~[drug]~~ drugs and
7 interchangeable biological products by the ~~[director,]~~ board,
8 the ~~[department]~~ board shall notify all pharmacies in the State
9 and other interested individuals, within thirty working days,
10 that the formulary has been updated. The Hawaii additions and
11 deletions list may list additional substitutable drug products
12 that are determined by the board to be safe, effective, and
13 therapeutically equivalent. The Hawaii additions and deletions
14 list may not include as substitutable any biologic products that
15 the United States Food and Drug Administration has not either
16 licensed and determined meet the standards for
17 interchangeability pursuant to Title 42 United States Code
18 section 262(k)(4) or determined are therapeutically equivalent
19 as set forth in the latest edition of or supplement to the
20 United States Food and Drug Administration's approved drug
21 products with therapeutic equivalence evaluations. The Hawaii



1 additions and deletions list may delete drug products listed in
2 the compendia of therapeutically equivalent generic [~~drug~~] drugs
3 and interchangeable biological products upon the board's finding
4 that product quality or therapeutic equivalency or
5 bioequivalency, as appropriate, is not adequately assured.

6 (b) Pursuant to chapter 91, and subject to the limitations
7 for biological products set forth above in section 328-96(a),
8 the Hawaii additions and deletions list may be changed, added
9 to, or deleted from as the board deems appropriate. Any person
10 who requests that any change be made or that a drug product be
11 included or added to or deleted from the Hawaii additions and
12 deletions list shall have the burden of proof to show cause why
13 the change, inclusion, addition, or deletion should be made.

14 (c) The board shall revise or supplement the Hawaii
15 additions and deletions list as necessary[-], subject to the
16 limitations for biological products set forth above in section
17 328-96(a).

18 (d) The department shall provide for distribution of the
19 Hawaii additions and deletions list and its revisions and
20 supplements, and the dissemination of notices of changes to the
21 compendia of therapeutically equivalent generic [~~drug~~] drugs and



1 interchangeable biological products to all pharmacies in the
2 State and to any other interested individuals. The department
3 may establish fees to be charged to persons who receive the
4 Hawaii additions and deletions list and its revisions and
5 supplements, and notices of changes to the compendia of
6 therapeutically equivalent generic [~~drug~~] drugs and
7 interchangeable biological products. The amounts of the fees
8 charged shall be approximately the same as the costs of
9 producing and distributing the Hawaii additions and deletions
10 list and its revisions and supplements, and the notices of
11 changes to the compendia of therapeutically equivalent generic
12 [~~drug~~] drugs and interchangeable biological products.

- 13 (e) Each pharmacy in the State shall:
- 14 (1) Maintain and update the compendia of therapeutically
15 equivalent generic [~~drug~~] drugs and interchangeable
16 biological products as [~~it is~~] they are approved by
17 the [~~director,~~] board; and
- 18 (2) Obtain the Hawaii additions and deletions list.
- 19 (f) The department shall provide for public education
20 regarding the provisions of this part and shall monitor the
21 effects of this part."



1 SECTION 7. Section 328-97, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 "[+]§328-97[+] Posting requirements. Every pharmacy shall
4 prominently display, in clear and unobstructed public view, a
5 sign in block letters [~~which~~] that shall read:

6 "HAWAII LAW REQUIRES THAT LESS EXPENSIVE GENERICALLY EQUIVALENT
7 DRUG PRODUCTS AND INTERCHANGEABLE BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS BE OFFERED
8 TO THE CONSUMER. CONSULT YOUR PHYSICIAN AND PHARMACIST
9 CONCERNING THE AVAILABILITY OF THE LEAST EXPENSIVE DRUG PRODUCT
10 FOR YOUR USE."

11 The letters must be at least one inch in height."

12 SECTION 8. Section 328-98, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13 amended to read as follows:

14 "§328-98 Pharmacist liability. A pharmacist who selects
15 [~~an~~] a generically equivalent drug product or an interchangeable
16 biological product pursuant to this part assumes no greater
17 liability for selecting the dispensed drug product than would be
18 incurred in filling a prescription for a drug product prescribed
19 by its established name."



1 SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

3 SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.



Report Title:

Biosimilar Medicines; Interchangeable Biological Products

Description:

Allows for the dispensing of biosimilar medicines under specified conditions. Regulates interchangeable biological drug products. (HB254 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

