

# VETO

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE, 2007  
STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 1830  
H.D. 2  
S.D. 2  
C.D. 1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

**VETO OVERRIDE**

RELATING TO CHILD PROTECTION.

ACT No. 7  
Approved: *CM*  
Dated: July 10, 2007

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as of April 2007,  
2 forty-seven states have passed safe-surrender laws to protect  
3 newborn infants who might otherwise be abandoned in an unsafe  
4 environment. The enactment of laws establishing a safe haven  
5 for newborn infants in Hawaii is long overdue.

6 Current law allows for the prosecution of parents who  
7 abandon their newborn infants. These parents are often young  
8 mothers who are unable to deal with the harsh reality of  
9 parenthood. Their solution is leaving the newborn in a  
10 populated area with the hope that someone will find and care for  
11 the child. Although the possibility of prosecution was intended  
12 to deter mothers from taking such a careless approach, newborn  
13 infants have suffered and died as the result of abandonment in  
14 life-threatening situations.

15 "Safe-surrender" laws take a different approach by making  
16 the child's needs the immediate concern, rather than focusing on  
17 the mother's liability. The goal of these laws is to create a  
18 system where parents can leave their newborns in a place of

HB1830 CD1 HMS 2007-4065



1 safety without fear of being prosecuted for child abandonment.  
2 Anonymity, confidentiality, and freedom from prosecution for  
3 parents may encourage them to leave a newborn infant at a  
4 suitably safe place and thus save the newborn infant's life.  
5 While established adoption procedures may be preferable, safe-  
6 surrender laws provide an alternative that saves the lives of  
7 newborns.

8 The purpose of this Act is to establish a safe haven for  
9 newborns and provide for their future health and safety by:

- 10 (1) Providing immunity from prosecution for persons  
11 leaving an unharmed newborn at a hospital, fire  
12 station, or police station, or with emergency medical  
13 services personnel;
- 14 (2) Providing immunity from liability to the hospital,  
15 fire station, police station, or personnel who receive  
16 the newborn; and
- 17 (3) Requiring personnel to make a reasonable effort to  
18 obtain certain information pertaining to the child,  
19 including the family's medical history, from the  
20 person leaving the child.



1 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by  
2 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read  
3 as follows:

4 "CHAPTER

5 SAFE PLACE FOR NEWBORNS

6 § -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the  
7 context otherwise requires:

8 "Department" means the department of human services.

9 "Emergency services personnel" shall have the same meaning  
10 as defined in section 78-52.

11 "Fire station" means a building for fire equipment and  
12 firefighters.

13 "Firefighter" means a member of a fire department whose  
14 principal duties are to prevent and fight fires.

15 "Health care provider" means an individual licensed,  
16 certified, or otherwise authorized or permitted by law to  
17 provide health care in the ordinary course of business or  
18 practice of a profession.

19 "Hospital" means a facility licensed as a hospital by the  
20 department of health and accredited by the Joint Commission on  
21 Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.



1 "Police officer" means any public servant, whether employed  
2 by the State or any county, or by the United States, vested by  
3 law with a duty to maintain public order, to make arrests for  
4 offenses, or to enforce the criminal laws, whether that duty  
5 extends to all offenses or is limited to a specific class of  
6 offenses.

7 "Police station" means a facility where police officers  
8 report for assignments, paperwork, and other police business.

9 "Unharmful condition" means no evidence of injury to a  
10 newborn child's physical or psychological health or welfare, as  
11 evidenced in any case where:

- 12 (1) The newborn child is alive and exhibits no:
- 13 (A) Substantial or multiple skin bruising or any  
14 other internal bleeding;
  - 15 (B) Injury to skin causing substantial bleeding;
  - 16 (C) Malnutrition;
  - 17 (D) Failure to thrive;
  - 18 (E) Burn or burns;
  - 19 (F) Poisoning;
  - 20 (G) Fracture of any bone;
  - 21 (H) Subdural hematoma;
  - 22 (I) Soft tissue swelling;



- 1 (J) Extreme pain;
- 2 (K) Extreme mental distress; or
- 3 (L) Gross degradation;
- 4 (2) The newborn child has not been the victim of:
  - 5 (A) Sexual contact or conduct, including rape,
  - 6 sodomy, molestation, sexual fondling, or incest;
  - 7 (B) Obscene or pornographic photographing, filming,
  - 8 or depiction; or
  - 9 (C) Other similar forms of sexual exploitation;
- 10 (3) Injury does not exist to the psychological capacity of
- 11 a child as evidenced by a substantial impairment in
- 12 the child's ability to function;
- 13 (4) The child has been provided in a timely manner with
- 14 adequate food, clothing, shelter, psychological care,
- 15 physical care, medical care, and supervision; or
- 16 (5) The child has not been provided with dangerous,
- 17 harmful, or detrimental drugs, as defined by section
- 18 712-1240; except in cases where a child's family
- 19 provides the drugs to the child pursuant to the
- 20 direction or prescription of a practitioner, as
- 21 defined in section 712-1240.



1           §     -2   **Unharmed newborn children left at hospitals, fire**  
2   **stations, or police stations, or with emergency services**  
3   **personnel; avoidance of prosecution.**   A person may leave a  
4   newborn child with the personnel of a hospital, fire station, or  
5   police station or emergency services personnel without being  
6   subject to prosecution for abandonment of a child pursuant to  
7   section 709-902; provided that:

8           (1)   The newborn child was born within seventy-two hours of  
9                being left at the hospital, fire station, or police  
10              station, or with emergency services personnel as  
11              determined within a reasonable degree of medical  
12              certainty; and

13          (2)   The newborn child is left in an unharmed condition.

14          §     -3   **Safe place for newborns.**   (a)   The personnel of a  
15   hospital, fire station, or police station, or emergency services  
16   personnel may receive a newborn child; provided that the newborn  
17   child was born within seventy-two hours of being left at the  
18   hospital, fire station, or police station, or with emergency  
19   services personnel as determined within a reasonable degree of  
20   medical certainty.



1 (b) When a person leaves a newborn child with the  
2 personnel of the hospital, fire station, or police station, or  
3 emergency services personnel, the personnel:

4 (1) Shall make every reasonable effort to solicit the  
5 following information from the person leaving the  
6 newborn child:

7 (A) The name of the newborn child;

8 (B) The name and address of the parent or person  
9 dropping off the newborn child;

10 (C) The location where the newborn child was born;

11 (D) Information pertaining to the newborn child's  
12 medical history;

13 (E) The newborn child's biological family's medical  
14 history, including major illnesses and diseases;  
15 and

16 (F) Any other information that might reasonably  
17 assist the department in determining the best  
18 interests of the newborn child, including whether  
19 the parents plan on returning to seek custody of  
20 the child in the future;



1 provided that refusal of the person leaving the  
2 newborn child to provide such information shall not  
3 prevent personnel from accepting the newborn child;

4 (2) May provide the person leaving the newborn child with  
5 information on how to contact relevant social service  
6 agencies; and

7 (3) Shall notify appropriate law enforcement agencies that  
8 a newborn child was received, for purposes of matching  
9 the child with missing children reports.

10 (c) If a hospital, fire station, or police station, or  
11 emergency services personnel receives a newborn child pursuant  
12 to subsection (a), any health care provider, firefighter, police  
13 officer, or emergency services personnel receiving the newborn  
14 child shall perform any act necessary, in accordance with  
15 generally accepted standards of their respective professional  
16 practice, to protect, preserve, and aid the physical health and  
17 safety of the newborn child during the temporary physical  
18 custody.

19 § -4 Reporting. Within twenty-four hours of receiving  
20 an unharmed newborn child under section -3, the personnel of  
21 the hospital, fire station, or police station, or emergency  
22 services personnel shall inform the department that a newborn



1 child has been left at the premises; provided that the  
2 department shall not be informed until the person leaving the  
3 newborn child has left the premises. If the newborn child is  
4 received in a harmed condition, the hospital, fire station,  
5 police station, or emergency services personnel shall notify  
6 appropriate law enforcement agencies, regardless of whether the  
7 person or persons leaving the newborn child has left the  
8 premises.

9       §    -5 **Immunity.** (a) A hospital with responsibility for  
10 performing duties under this chapter, any health care provider,  
11 or hospital personnel working at the hospital, a fire station  
12 and any firefighter or fire personnel, a police station and any  
13 police officer or police personnel, and emergency services  
14 personnel acting in good faith in receiving a newborn child  
15 shall be immune from:

- 16       (1) Any criminal liability that otherwise might result  
17           from their actions; and  
18       (2) Any civil liability that otherwise might result from  
19           merely receiving a newborn child.

20       (b) A hospital performing duties under this chapter and  
21 any health care provider or hospital personnel working at the  
22 hospital, a fire station and any firefighter or fire personnel,



1 a police station and any police officer or police personnel, and  
2 any emergency services personnel who are mandated reporters  
3 under section 350-1.1 shall be immune from any criminal or civil  
4 liability that otherwise might result from the failure to make a  
5 report under section 350-1.1 if the person is acting in good  
6 faith in complying with this chapter.

7       §     -6 **Authority to reunite; placement.** (a) Upon  
8 receiving custody of a newborn child who has been discharged  
9 from a hospital that received the newborn child pursuant to  
10 section     -3, the department may reunite the newborn child with  
11 the newborn's parents.

12       (b) The department may:

- 13       (1) Search for relatives of the newborn child as a  
14             placement or permanency option; or  
15       (2) Implement other placement requirements that give a  
16             preference to relatives;

17 provided that the department has information as to the identity  
18 of the newborn child, the newborn child's mother, or the newborn  
19 child's father.

20       §     -7 **Status of child.** For purposes of proceedings  
21 under this chapter and adoption proceedings, a newborn child  
22 left at a hospital, fire station, or police station or with



1 emergency services personnel under section -2 shall be  
2 considered an abandoned child."

3 SECTION 3. Section 709-902, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
4 amended to read as follows:

5 "**§709-902 Abandonment of a child.** (1) A person commits  
6 the offense of abandonment of a child if, being a parent,  
7 guardian, or other person legally charged with the care or  
8 custody of a child less than fourteen years old, the person  
9 deserts the child in any place with intent to abandon it.

10 (2) Leaving a newborn child at a hospital, fire station,  
11 or police station or with emergency services personnel pursuant  
12 to section -2 shall not constitute a violation of this  
13 section.

14 [~~2~~] (3) Abandonment of a child is a misdemeanor."

15 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that  
16 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were  
17 begun before its effective date.

18 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

20 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007.

